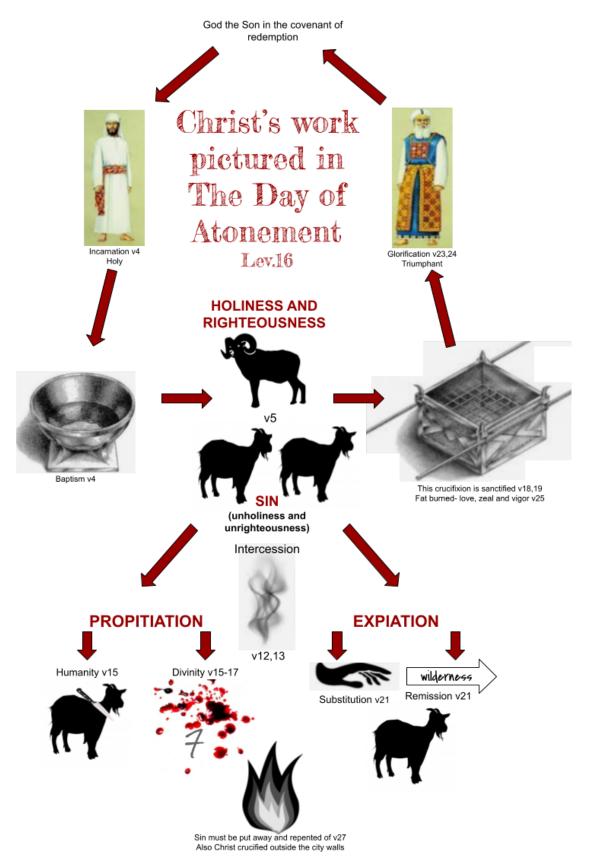
The day of atonement



DETAILS

Verse 3 Aaron offered a young bull for a sin offering (for himself and his house) and a ram for a burnt offering.

Verse 4 Aaron washed at the laver **(Christ's Baptism);** changed from his high priestly garments into the garments of an ordinary priest.

(When Jesus first came as a Man, He divested Himself of His heavenly glory) (Phil. 2:6-8)

Verse 5 Aaron took from the people two goats for a sin offering and one ram for a burnt offering.

(The two goats for Unholiness and Unrighteousness. The ram for holy consecration to God)

Verses 6,11 Aaron offered his bullock as a sin offering for himself and his family. (The earthly high priest was a sinner just like us- this is just a picture. Only Christ could do this work effectually)

Verses 7-8 Aaron took the two goats from the people and cast lots: one would be for the Lord and the other would be the scapegoat

(One to take the punishment for the guilty - propitiation. The other to take away our corruption - expiation)

Verses 12-13 Aaron entered the Most Holy Place behind the veil and burned incense before the Lord. The cloud of incense covered the mercy seat so Aaron would not die. (Christ prays on the cross, interceding for us- "Father forgive them". Salvation is accessed through prayer)

Verse 14 Aaron entered the Most Holy Place again and sprinkled the blood from **his** bullock 7 times on the mercy seat. (Hebrews 9:7) **(A sacrifice for the sinful human priest)**

Verse 15 Aaron sacrificed one of the goats (v.5,9) as a sin offering for the people. (Jesus Christ is the final, complete sacrifice for sins (Heb. 9:12-15). (Christ dies as a sacrifice for sin for His people- bearing the punishment for our sins as a Man)

Verses 15-17 Aaron entered the Most Holy Place one last time; sprinkled the goat's blood 7 times on the mercy seat. This was to make atonement for the Holy Place and for the people.

(see also Ex.30:10)

(Hebrews 9:11)

(Christ offers Himself up to God and in His divine -7 nature takes the penalty for all the sins of His people as God)

Verses 18-19 Aaron returned to the altar of burnt offering and cleansed it with the blood of the bull and the goat

(The work of the cross is sanctified. It was a human evil, but a precious thing for the Christian)

Verse 21 Aaron brought the scapegoat before the people, laid his hands on its head and confessed all of Israel's sins, putting those sins upon the goat (2 Corinthians 5:21)

(Our unrighteousness is transferred and put upon Christ instead of us in a substitutionary act)

Verse 21 A "fit man" took the scapegoat into the wilderness. The scapegoat Bore all of Israel's iniquities into the uninhabited wilderness.

(Christ the 'fit man' takes away - expiates- our unrighteousness and corruption off of us)

Verses 23,24 Aaron returned to the Holy Place, removed the garments of an ordinary priest, washed himself at the laver, and put on his regular high priestly garments. (Jesus came once in lowliness and humility, but when He returns, however, He will do so with power and great glory (Matt. 24:30).

(Christ is resurrected in victory and returns to heaven in triumphant glorious splendor)

Verse 24 Aaron offered the rams for the burnt offering for himself (v.3) and for the people (v.5).

(Human Sinners need to be atoned for even to take part in pictorial rites)

Verse 25 Aaron- The fat of the sin offering was burned on the altar. (The love, zeal and vigor of Christ was given for us in this work)

Verse 26 The 'fit man' washed his clothes and himself, and then returned to the camp. **(All human instruments must cleanse themselves of the defilement of the day)**

Verse 27 The bullock and the goat used for the sin offerings (whose blood was taken behind the veil) were carried outside the camp and burned.

(Christ was crucified outside the city walls of Jerusalem)

Verse 28 The 'One' washed his clothes and himself, and then returned to the Camp (All human instruments must cleanse themselves of the defilement of the day)